Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

As management of the City of West Des Moines, Iowa, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of West Des Moines for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which is located in the Introductory Section at the front of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of West Des Moines exceeded liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006 by \$338,193,649 (net assets). Of this amount, \$30,914,192 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, assets exceeded liabilities by \$311,922,982. Of this amount, \$46,970,877 was unrestricted.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$26,270,667 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Governmental activities increased \$23,660,829 and business-type activities increased \$2,609,838. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, total net assets decreased \$3,621,981. Governmental activities increased \$15,053,394 and business-type activities decreased \$18,675,375.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of West Des Moines' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,269,857, a decrease of \$6,706,110 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 61.1 percent of this total amount, \$27,055,431, is unreserved fund balance which is available for spending at the City's discretion. As of the close of the fiscal year June 30, 2005, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$50,975,967, of which \$31,230,567 or 61 percent was unreserved.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,929,180 or 22 percent of total General Fund expenditures. These funds will be needed to meet expenditures during the next four months, at which time the City will receive the next semi-annual property tax revenue. The unreserved fund balance for the General Fund as of June 30, 2005 was \$8,745,770 or 26 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City of West Des Moines' total debt decreased by \$8,992,282 (5.5 percent) during the current fiscal year. Total debt for the fiscal year June 30, 2005, decreased by \$13,894,412 (8 percent).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of West Des Moines' basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of West Des Moines' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include public safety, public works (roads, storm water and traffic controls), health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include the sanitary sewer and solid waste operations.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of West Des Moines (known as the primary government). The West Des Moines Community School District, the Waukee Community School District and the West Des Moines Waterworks provide services to the citizens of West Des Moines but do not meet the established criteria to be component units of the City, and thus, are not included in this report.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of West Des Moines, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements and is typically the basis used in developing the next annual budget.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City of West Des Moines maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Tax Increment Financing Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the column heading Nonmajor Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The City presents budgetary information as allowed by GASB Statement No. 41. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the activity of all funds except agency funds. Formal and legal budgetary control as required by state statute is based upon nine major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 23 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the sanitary sewer system and solid waste activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of West Des Moines utilizes four internal service funds to account for its vehicle replacement, vehicle maintenance, health and dental insurance program, and the workers' compensation program. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitary sewer major fund and the nonmajor fund - solid waste operations. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 29 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of West Des Moines' own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 30 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 55 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also provides certain required supplementary information concerning the City of West Des Moines' infrastructure condition and maintenance records as the City has used the modified approach for reporting much of its infrastructure. This approach to recording infrastructure is explained on pages 10 and 11 of this MD&A. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 56 through 63 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on infrastructure. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 64 through 73 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of West Des Moines, assets exceeded liabilities by \$338,193,649 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

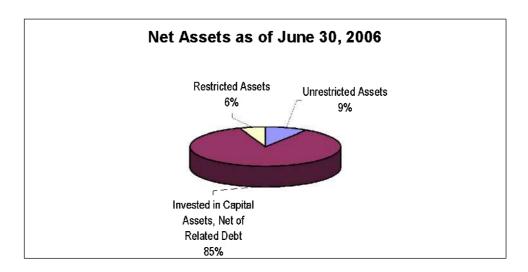
By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (85 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to cover the liabilities.

City of West Des Moines' Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities							
								Total			
		2006		2005		2006		2005	2006		2005
Assets											
Current and other assets	\$	108,090	\$	109,319	\$	21,086	\$	17,294	\$ 129,176	\$	126,613
Capital assets net of depreciation		372,415		350,108		48,440		50,171	420,855		400,279
Total assets		480,505		459,427		69,526		67,465	550,031		526,892
Liabilities											
Current liabilities		71,931		67,633		887		787	72,818		68,420
Long-term liabilities outstanding		135,437		142,318		3,582		4,231	139,019		146,549
Total liabilities		207,368		209,951		4,469		5,018	211,837		214,969
Net Assets											
Invested in capital assets, net of											
related debt		244,127		198,075		44,241		45,375	288,368		243,450
Restricted assets		17,839		20,413		1,073		1,089	18,912		21,502
Unrestricted assets		11,171		30,988		19,743		15,983	30,914		46,971
Total net assets	\$	273,137	\$	249,476	\$	65,057	\$	62,447	\$ 338,194	\$	311,923

An additional portion of the City's net assets (5.6 percent or \$18,911,828) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (9.1 percent or \$30,914,192) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of West Des Moines is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. This was also the case in the prior fiscal year.



Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$23,660,829. This was largely the result of development in the area and the City's continuing commitment to construct infrastructure within the rapidly expanding community. As shown on page 11, capital assets, net of applicable depreciation, increased by more than \$20 million dollars. Since bonds (debt) were issued to pay for much of this new infrastructure, a large portion of the investment in capital assets is currently offset by related debt, as shown in the chart on the previous page.

Business-type activities: As shown on the chart that follows, business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$2,609,838. This is comparable to the increase from operations that would have resulted in the prior year had it not been for the City's one-time contribution to the Des Moines Metropolitan Wastewater Reclamation Authority (WRA) joint venture of \$21,350,795 in fiscal year 2005, which resulted in a net decrease of \$18,675,375 for that year. The fiscal year 2005 "Special item – contribution to WRA" resulted when the joint venture was restructured with the new agreement establishing the WRA as a separate legal entity with its own board.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

City of West Des Moines' Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands of dollars)

	Governn Activit		Business-1 Activitie	• •	Total		
-	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,719	\$ 4,894 \$	7,627 \$	7,359 \$	12,346 \$	12,253	
Operating grants and							
contributions	7,161	6,559	100		7,161	6,559	
Capital grants and contributions	12,222	9,278	1,475	542	13,697	9,820	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	40,725	39,497			40,725	39,497	
Other taxes	2,790	2,548			2,790	2,548	
Earnings on investments	2,485	1,755	657	293	3,142	2,048	
Other	1,965	1,122	1		1,966	1,122	
Total revenues	72,067	65,653	9,760	8,194	81,827	73,847	
Expenses:							
General government	6,400	5,482	-	4	6,400	5,482	
Public safety	17,814	15,648	-	4	17,814	15,648	
Public works	6,902	10,007	-	4	6,902	10,007	
Health and social services	930	850		9	930	850	
Culture and recreation	8,487	7,451			8,487	7,451	
Community and economic							
development	3,618	4,945	541	9	3,618	4,945	
Interest on long-term debt	6,042	6,391	541		6,042	6,391	
Sanitary sewer	-	9.0	3,940	3,989	3,940	3,989	
Solid waste	-		1,423	1,355	1,423	1,355	
Total expenses	50,193	50,774	5,363	5,344	55,556	56,118	
Excess before transfers							
and special item	21,874	14,879	4,397	2,850	26,271	17,729	
Transfers	1,787	174	(1,787)	(174)	2		
Special item, contribution to WRA	<u> </u>	G22	Fail	(21,351)	2	(21,351)	
Change in net assets	23,661	15,053	2,610	(18,675)	26,271	(3,622)	
Net assets, beginning of year	249,476	234,423	62,447	81,122	311,923	315,545	
Net assets, end of year		201,120	VL, TT.	01,122	311,323	010,010	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Financial Analysis of the Government's Fund Financial Statements

As noted earlier, the City of West Des Moines uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The financial reporting focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$44,269,857 as of June 30, 2006. This was a decrease of \$6,706,110, or 15 percent, over the prior year. Of this total amount, \$27,055,431 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to 1) liquidate prior period contracts and purchase orders of \$12,500,994 and 2) fund various debt service payments totaling \$4,713,432.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,929,180, while total fund balance was \$7,976,413. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is generally useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. In this instance, unreserved fund balance and total fund balance both represent more than 22 percent of total General Fund expenditures. These funds will be needed as working capital during the initial months of the new fiscal year as property tax revenue is only collected semi-annually, in September and March, with the majority of the revenue remitted to the City by the respective county treasurers in the months of October and April. Thus, the City has been on target for achieving its goal of a fund balance of approximately 25 percent of General Fund expenditures, with that fund balance percentage having been 26 percent in fiscal year 2005 and more than 24 percent in fiscal year 2006.

The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund had a total fund balance of \$7,572,614, all of which is unreserved. These funds will be transferred from the Tax Increment Financing Fund to cover debt payments on general obligation bonds, which were used to finance infrastructure improvements in the TIF districts as the debt payments become due.

The Debt Service Fund had a fund balance of \$4,713,432, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service (i.e. payment of general obligation principal and interest).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The Capital Projects Fund had a total fund balance of \$18,404,934, of which \$12,453,761 is reserved for the liquidation of construction contracts that were entered into during the prior period. The decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year of \$3,404,214, or 15.6 percent, reflects the completion of construction contracts for which the bond proceeds (i.e. proceeds from long-term debt) were received in a prior fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds. The City of West Des Moines' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, except in more detail.

Total net assets of the Sanitary Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$64,747,131. This is comprised of: \$44,241,020 invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$1,072,785 restricted for debt service; and \$19,433,326 in unrestricted net assets. Total net assets of the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the current year were \$308,855, all of which was unrestricted. The Solid Waste Fund does not have any investment in capital assets as this service was out-sourced to a private contractor in November of 2000.

Budgetary Highlights

The City presents budgetary information as allowed by GASB Statement No. 41, Budgets are based on nine functional areas as required by state statute, not by fund or fund type.

During the year, amendments to budgeted expenditures were primarily due to changes in the timing of capital improvement projects. The revenue budget was also amended to reflect increased interest income as a result of improved market rates and an increase in permit revenue and charges for services in response to the issuance of near record levels of commercial building permits and construction inspection services. The budgetary comparison schedules on pages 57 through 60 provide more information.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$420,855,394 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings (e.g. recreation trails, athletic fields, parking lots), vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sanitary sewer lines). The total increase in the City of West Des Moines' capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5 percent.

The City of West Des Moines has elected the option to use the modified approach for reporting infrastructure within the governmental activities, as allowed by GASB Statement No. 34. Under the modified approach eligible infrastructure is not required to be depreciated if the following requirements have been met:

- The government must have an up-to-date inventory of the assets of those networks or subsystems.
- The government must perform or obtain condition assessments of those assets and summarize the results using
 a measurement scale. It is essential that such condition assessment be replicable (i.e., conducted using methods
 that would allow different measurers to reach substantially similar results).
- The government must make an annual estimate of the amount needed to maintain and preserve those assets at a condition level established and disclosed by the government.
- The government must document that infrastructure assets are being preserved at or above the condition level established and disclosed by the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The City already had an inventory management system in place and was performing condition assessments as part of its on-going efforts to maintain and preserve the quality and useful life of these governmental infrastructure assets. Under the modified approach, the City records the actual maintenance and preservation costs incurred during the period as expense, rather than capitalizing the preservation costs and estimating the amount of depreciation expense to record. Only improvements and additions that increase the capacity or efficiency of the infrastructure network are capitalized under this approach. All other costs are expensed in the period incurred.

The required supplementary information that must be presented by government's electing this approach appears on pages 61 through 64 of this report. From this supplementary information you will see that the City has been able to consistently meet or exceed its condition level goals. Also, that estimated maintenance costs and actual maintenance costs are fairly consistent considering that the fiscal year falls in the middle of the construction season which will result in some fluctuation from year to year depending on the exact date that the construction contract is let.

West Des Moines has not elected to use the modified approach for reporting the infrastructure of business-type activities, as the City has not yet completed the necessary condition assessments required for the use of the modified approach. Therefore, depreciation expense has been recognized for the sanitary sewer infrastructure capital assets.

Capital Assets, Net of Applicable Depreciation (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Busine					
				Activities			Total		
		2006		2005	2006		2005	2006	2005
Land	\$	23,161	\$	21,217	\$ 328	\$	258 \$	23,489	\$ 21,475
Buildings		33,755		33,818			9	33,755	33,818
Improvements other than buildings		30,488		29,694	-			30,488	29,694
Equipment and vehicles		17,508		16,579	7		7	17,515	16,586
Construction-in-progress		38,891		43,856	357		2,794	39,248	46,650
Share of undivided equity interest									
assets		984		999	2		9	984	999
Infrastructure, depreciable		-			68,806		66,829	68,806	66,829
Infrastructure, nondepreciable		260,276		233,590	•		9	260,276	233,590
Accumulated depreciation		(32,648)		(29,645)	(21,058)		(19,716)	(53,706)	(49,361)
Total capital assets	\$	372,415	\$	350,108	\$ 48,440	\$	50,172 \$	420,855	\$ 400,280

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction began or continued on the following street projects with construction-in-progress totals as shown:
 - South Jordan Creek Parkway between Mills Civic Parkway and Grand Avenue \$7,800,889
 - Railroad Avenue widening and reconstruction \$9,440,414
 - Stagecoach Drive between South 68th and South Jordan Creek Parkway \$4,177,502

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

- Construction began on the following sanitary sewer project with construction-in-progress as shown:
 - West Des Moines Outfall to service Michael's Landing \$288,056
- Construction continued on the fiber communications project. Construction-in-progress now totals \$2.857.094.
- Following planning and design work, construction began on a new Public Safety facility to be located at the intersection of South 81st Street and Mills Civic Parkway.

Additional information concerning the City's capital assets can be found in Note 1 and Note 3 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements on pages 31 through 38 and 41 and 42, respectively.

Long-term debt. At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$140,824,000. Of this amount, \$136,625,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and the remaining \$4,199,000 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

Table of Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governme	Governmental Activities			ype /	Activities	Total		
	2006	2005	2005		2006		2006	2005	
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 136,625,000 -	\$ 1 44 ,280,000 10,600,000	\$	- 4,199,000	\$	- 4,802,000	\$ 136,625,000 4,199,000	\$ 144,280,000 15,402,000	
Total	\$ 136,625,000	\$ 154,880,000	\$	4,199,000	\$	4,802,000	\$ 140,824,000	\$ 159,682,000	

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$18,858,000, or 11.8 percent, during the current fiscal year. The only new debt issued was a \$6,000,000 general obligation bond. The decrease in outstanding debt results from regularly scheduled payments to retire existing debt and begin returning to a generally lower level of debt, following a significant increase in prior years to expand infrastructure to accommodate rapid growth and development taking place in underdeveloped and newly annexed areas of the City.

State constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt an lowa city may issue up to 5 percent of the actual assessed value of all taxable property in the City of West Des Moines. The current debt limitation for the City is \$248,177,690. With outstanding general obligation debt of \$136,625,000 and other debt subject to the limitation of \$9,990,373, the City had utilized 59.1 percent of the debit limit as of June 30, 2006.

During this period, the City of West Des Moines' debt rating by Standard & Poor's was reconfirmed at "AAA", the highest rating given by that rating agency. The City also maintained its "Aa1" rating by Moody's Investors Service, that agency's second highest rating.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 43 through 47 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of West Des Moines expects growth in taxable property valuations to continue over the next several years as West Des Moines is one of the fastest growing cities in the state of Iowa. However, through approximately 2009, a significant portion of the incremental property value gained in the rapidly developing western and southern portions of the City is committed to the repayment of general obligation bonds. This debt was issued to provide municipal services, including construction of infrastructure, in the area. As a result, the City of West Des Moines has continued to budget conservatively for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 and has increased property tax rates from \$11.72/\$1,000 of taxable valuation to \$11.95 in order to provide additional public safety services to the expanding community.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Des Moines' finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Department of Administrative Services at 4200 Mills Civic Parkway, Suite 2B or by mail to the City of West Des Moines, Department of Administrative Services, PO Box 65320, West Des Moines, Iowa 50265-0320.